



The Latest Thing in Stoves

For a midnight supper, as for any other meal at any other time, the very latest thing in stoves—the best that stove-artists can do—is a

It Burns Oil
—No Ashes
It Concentrates Heat
—No Waste
It is Handy
—No Dirt
It is Ready
—No Delay

New Perfection Oil Cook-stove

It concentrates the heat where you want it. It is as quick as gas, steadier and handier than coal, cheaper than electricity.

The New Perfection Stove is handsomely finished in nickel, with cabinet top, drop doors, level racks, etc. Made with 1, 2 or 3 burners.

All dealers carry the New Perfection Stove. Free Cook-Book with every stove. Cook-Book also gives to anyone sending 5 cents to cover mailing cost.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

San Francisco, Cal. San Jose, Cal. Marysville, Cal. Seattle, Wash.
Los Angeles, Cal. Stockton, Cal. Fresno, Cal. Spokane, Wash.
San Diego, Cal. Sacramento, Cal. Portland, Ore. Tacoma, Wash.

KRYPTOK LENSES



Why Look Older Than You Are?

The gentleman to the right of the reader (sketched from life) is wearing old style or pasted double-vision lenses. The lines of the reading wafers are noticeably prominent and he has difficulty in adjusting his eyes to the lenses. The cement used to join the two lenses has become clouded and has made his glasses misty. The two figures to the left (sketched from life) are wearing Kryptok double-vision lenses. There are no seams on these glasses, because the reading lenses are fused invisibly within the distance lenses. These latter two persons are at ease, look dignified and comfortable.

Alfred D. Fairweather

Manufacturing Optician

FOR STREET HARRISON BLOCK

Pau ka Hana

Gets down to the surface.

There's little labor used when people have PAU-KA-HANA in the house, because it is true to label--

"WORK IS DONE"

Your Grocer Sells It

Honolulu Soap Works

Fred L. Waldron, Ltd. Distributors

PUNCHBOWL LAND SALE GREAT EVENT OF WEEK

The Present Year Will Be Memorable in Honolulu's Building Progress

By far the most notable event of the week was the sale by the Territorial land department of seventy-three house lots at Auwahi, the Punchbowl slopes. These lots were put up for the highest bids at upset prices, a large number of other lots having been allotted at their appraised value, under preference rights, to Portuguese who had occupied homes thereon for many years as sub-lessees of the Kapiolani Estate. Those who went after the lots in competition at this sale were largely of the same nationality, and, as showing the exemplary thrift of the race, they had drawn from the three savings banks, within three days of the sale, more than \$13,000, besides which many of them were able to procure loans from the various banks.

With only one exception the lots brought more than the upset price, in some cases from two to four times as much, so that \$97,782.25 was realized against the total upset valuation of \$40,000. This result tells mightily of the rising value of residence property in the city of Honolulu. It also gives promise of an impetus to the present building boom, which is going to break the record this year apart from the Punchbowl building prospects. For the first nine days of this month, permits for new construction represented an estimated cost in the aggregate of \$111,000. It is hardly probable that this pace will have to be recorded for the whole year, representing as it does nearly four million dollars for the 318 business days, yet it will take many spurts of the kind in the twelve months to make 1912 memorable in the growth of Honolulu.

Mountain King Mine.

Following is an extract from Consulting Engineer Ogilvie's report covering month of July, 1912, addressed to the shareholders of the Mountain King Mining & Milling Co.:

The tunnel level drift has reached a point 269 feet from the beginning point, thus making a drive for the month of 76 feet. The vein continues in its solid and uniform condition as noted in June report, except the width increases occasionally to 10 and 12 feet between walls. There has been a great change in the character and value of the ore during the latter part of the month. Gold is visible and the vein sulphides predominate in the quartz, producing a most satisfactory grade of ore. Since intersecting this vein at station 155, the quartz is solid, uniform and regular, the gauge varying from 3 to 8 inches on both the footwall and hanging wall. At places on the hanging wall for two feet thick a stratified slate and quartz filling occurs, but generally noticed the vein is solid quartz, considerably ribbed and all heavily mineralized. It is now proven that a vein of almost solid quartz, carrying values the entire distance, varying from 6 1/2 to 12 feet wide, for a distance of 114 feet, increased in permanent and uniform walls, has been developed. It is my opinion that the main lode has been reached where concentrated values may be expected. This development has put in reserve an immense ore body, the end of which is nowhere in sight. Estimating this vein to continue for 200 feet further, with similar conditions of volume and value, it will intersect the rich shoot of ore developed on the 150 feet level between stations 425 and 475, which should block out an immense ore body of unusual value. It is a little premature to consider ore volume or values, but the present development warrants me in claiming a very large reserve, and as a whole with good milling values.

There is every indication that the strike and dip of this vein will be continuous throughout the property and that the vein will be found at great depths in both volume and value.

Notes. G. K. Harrison has arrived from Washington to take the duties of district engineer in the water survey of the Territory.

C. L. Marlatt, assistant chief of the entomological bureau, is on his way

here from Washington to organize the Federal assistance to the fruit fly campaign. Dr. E. V. Wilcox, special agent in charge of the U. S. agricultural experiment station, reports a marked diminution of the pest, which he attributes both to the clean culture scheme and to predaceous insects preying upon the fly.

A record for speed in building construction is being made by the Pacific Engineering Co., Ltd., in putting up the concrete-encased business block at Fort street and Chaplain lane.

Mountain King stockholders here have received a report from Mr. Ogilvie, the consulting engineer, giving some detailed information about the vein lately struck as reported in the Star-Bulletin a few days ago.

L. Barkhausen, former manager of Pioneer plantation, has arrived from the mainland and will shortly proceed to the Philippines, where he will take the management of the Calamba sugar estate.

There are sixteen men lecturing on Hawaii now, Secretary H. P. Wood stated to the Hawaii Promotion Committee yesterday. Walter G. Smith, whose tour will begin with a lecture before the Camera Club of San Francisco on August 26, gave a talk on board the steamer Sierra on his way to the Coast and distributed 100 copies of the Mid-Pacific Magazine. Headquarters are busy in sending out the posters for the 1913 Floral Parade. Bids for the new Territorial bond issue have been made as follows: Bishop & Co., Honolulu, \$50,000 at 101; First National Bank of Walluku, \$10,000 at 100.10; Syndicate, Cincinnati and Cleveland, \$450,000 at 100.75; \$200,000 at 100.65; \$700,000 at 100.52; Syndicate, New York, \$90,000 at 100.062.

Admiral Ross, in a talk before the Commercial Club on Friday, said water would be turned into the Panama Canal in June next year, and predicted a great increase of commerce for Hawaii from the opening of the canal.

A special meeting of C. Brewer & Co., Ltd., sugar factors, etc., will be held on September 5 for the purpose of considering an increase of the capital stock. Last sale of the stock listed on the exchange was at \$425.

Samuel Parker Jr. has bought from Colonel Samuel Parker, for \$50,000, a half interest in Humuila sheep ranch, Hawaii.

Lovejoy & Co., Ltd.

The wholesale liquor firm of Lovejoy & Co. was yesterday incorporated with a capital stock of \$50,000 divided into 2500 shares of \$20 each. David H. Lewis, president, has 1997 shares; Charles S. Bartlett, vice president, 500 shares; and J. A. Beaven, secretary; Manuel Paresa, treasurer, and William L. Frazee, auditor, one share each.

DOUBT IF PRICES WILL BE MAINTAINED

Willett & Gray's review of the raw sugar market, dated August 1, is as follows:

Last week closed with sellers of centrifugals at 4.05c. for 96 deg. (2 11-16c.), and the market has since ruled quiet with buyers holding off, having previously well filled their wants for the immediate future. European markets moved gradually to a moderately lower basis, and, although the quotations over there are much above our parity, this weakness had a sentimental effect here in reducing the views of some holders, resulting in sales of August shipment Cubas at 5 1/2c. c. & f., equal to 3.85c. per lb. landed for 96-deg. test. Business in nearby sugars on same basis may soon follow, but meanwhile, the spot quotation remains nominally unchanged at 4.05c.

There are not very heavy offerings of sugar for sale at present. The principal supply from one source is in Cuba, and the stock there is considerably reduced, and most of it, held in strong hands, which justifies the expectation that full value will be demanded; in fact, the asking prices today are 2 11-16c. c. & f. (4.05c.) and 2 3/4c. c. & f. (4.11c.), which are now above buyers' views.

The English market for actual sugar is not so much above the parity

of our quotations as it appears. Beet sugars at 12s. 1 1/2d. today is equal to 4.51c. for 96-deg. centrifugals at New York, and cane sugars at 12s. 6d. "floating landing" is equal to 4.35c., while recent sales of two cargoes of Javass (12,000 tons) to the United Kingdom were made at equal to 4.40c. here and Javass for September shipment (possibly also July-August shipment) are quoted, at 11s. 6d. c. & f. to New York, equal to 4.34c. landed for 96-deg. test, which is some guide as to possible future values. It is a question, however, as to whether these prices will be maintained, as we approach the time to market the new European beet crop, now quoted at 10s. 2 1/2d., the parity of 4.15c. for centrifugals.

Our special advices from London indicate that the recent sharp advance in quotations there was caused by the squeezing of "shorts" and not warranted by the condition of the growing beet crop, which, although needing rain in some parts of Germany, gives promise of a heavy yield.

F. O. Licht cables us that the weather in Germany is mostly very favorable for the crops and his early tests of beets taken from the fields make a good comparison with those of previous years.

Reports from Cuba favor the growing crop of that island.

Recently there have been several sales of Philippine island sugars from store, amounting to about 5000 tons, part or all having been sold at 3.22c. basis 88 deg. ex store. Cable advices from the Philippines state that there is a good demand from China and Japan for Philippine sugars for July-August shipment, and it is estimated that some 20,000 tons have been taken by the countries mentioned at prices figuring 10 to 20 points above American markets.

The tariff bill, as passed by the Senate on Saturday, and now in conference committee, has no special influence on present market conditions, as it is not intended to go into effect until six months after final approval by the President. It is doubtful if the bill will pass the House of Representatives without some change, and final action at this session is not yet fully assured.

GREAT INCREASE OF FARM WEALTH

Henry Clews of New York, in his special letter of August 3, says:

"The United States seems to have taken in Mother Nature as a special partner, and once more the country promises to be favored with good harvests. If present calculations are realized we shall garner a 700,000,000 bushel wheat crop, a 2,900,000,000 bushel corn crop and a 1,200,000,000 bushel oats crop. The yield of potatoes and hay is also likely to be considerably ahead of last year. The total value of these five crops is estimated at \$3,800,000,000, or about \$200,000,000 ahead of last year. In all probability the aggregate of all agricultural wealth produced this year will be about \$9,000,000,000 as against \$8,500,000,000 the figures of the Department of Agriculture last year. What this annual production of new wealth means to this country may be estimated when it is remembered that the capital stock of all the railroads in the United States is placed at \$8,470,000,000. An increase of \$500,000,000 in agricultural products in a single year cannot but be a powerful stimulus to business.

"Bankers in all portions of the West are agreed that the crop situation is satisfactory, that business is in more promising condition than for several years past and that the business men of the interior have decided to eliminate politics from their calculations. This is a practical expression of increased confidence based upon positively improved intrinsic conditions. The cotton crop seems likely to fall below early expectations, but the yield will, nevertheless, be large, and planters are securing prices which afford good profits. The South enjoyed exceptional prosperity last year and is not likely to fall behind seriously during the next twelve months. August is usually a month of deterioration, so a moderate falling off in condition need cause no surprise in the final reports."

FROZEN AND DRIED EGGS.

WASHINGTON, August 2.—Frozen and dried eggs intended for human consumption are largely used for cooking purposes where inferiority may be

concealed, as in baking cakes or in freezing custards, omelets, pies, etc. The traffic in eggs sold for drying and freezing has greatly increased in the past few years. Strictly fresh marketable eggs in the shell command a high price and there is difficulty in meeting the demand for them; but large quantities of questionable eggs, often bought at very low prices, have been broken out for cooking purposes by disreputable firms, being preserved by freezing or drying until ready for use. Some dealers, however, manufacture a satisfactory product by the use of good eggs handled under proper conditions.

There is no objection to drying or freezing good eggs under proper sanitary conditions; in fact, there are some advantages to be gained by preserving eggs in this manner, although the manufacturing processes devised by man, as a rule, do not improve the quality of nature's work. Conditions of modern life and commerce must, however, he meat, and dried eggs or eggs in a frozen condition may be shipped long distances, and require less space for transportation and storage than do eggs in the shell.

As the result of investigations instituted by Secretary Wilson, the United States Department of Agriculture has recently issued two publications that give practical suggestions for correcting some of the existing practices and conditions which are at least partially responsible for the unsatisfactory products now found on the market. These publications are Bulletin 158 and Circular 98 of the Bureau of Chemistry, entitled, respectively, "A Bacteriological Study of Shell, Frozen and Dried Eggs" and "Practical Suggestions for the Preparation of Frozen and Dried Eggs."

RECORD OF SALES ON THE HONOLULU STOCK AND BOND EXCHANGE FROM AUGUST 15, 1911, TO JULY 31, 1912, INCLUSIVE.

Sugar Corporations.		Shares.	Amount.
Ewa Plant. Co.	21,127	694,800.53	
Haiku Sug. Co.	329	62,235.00	
Hawn. Ag. Co.	132	32,120.00	
Hawn. Com. & Sug. Co.	29,917	1,294,814.20	
Hawn. Sug. Co.	2,191	106,971.00	
Honokaa Sug. Co.	5,616	67,873.00	
Honolulu Sug. Co.	75	11,375.00	
Hutchinson Sug. Plant Co.	3,343	67,696.75	
Kahuku Plant Co.	341	6,312.07	
Kekaha Sug. Co.	276	30,912.50	
Koloa Sug. Co.	20	4,100.00	
McBryde Sug. Co.	34,649	293,805.75	
Oahu Sug. Co.	50,719	1,729,455.42	
Olaa Sug. Co.	52,565	387,082.38	
Onomea Sug. Co.	6,707	342,027.60	
Panauhau Sug. Co.	1,875	43,354.12	
Pacific Sug. Mill.	118	16,420.00	
Pala Plant.	315	58,727.50	
Pepeskee Sug. Co.	50	7,250.00	
Pioneer Mill Co.	8,290	855,509.24	
Waialua Ag. Co.	9,924	1,248,218.75	
Waialua Sug. Co.	102	18,615.60	
Waianalo	20	19,615.00	
Waimea Sug. Mill	40	7,900.00	
		228,541	\$7,434,594.94
Miscellaneous Stock.		Shares.	Amount.
Hawa. Elec. Co.	89	\$20,025.01	
Hawa. Pine. Co.	3,600	148,921.99	
Hawa. Pine. Co. rts	255	3,857.75	
Hilo R. R. Co. com.	2,342	24,493.46	
Hon. B. & M. Co.	7,196	155,887.81	
Hon. R. T. & L. Co. com.	42	5,015.00	
Hon. R. T. & L. Co. pref.	16	2,240.00	
L. I. S. N. Co.	425	64,353.00	
Mutual Tel. Co.	1,467	29,512.32	
O. R. & L. Co.	1,867	286,626.50	
Pahang Rub. Co.	3,123	65,160.05	
Tanjong Olok Rub.	344	13,473.87	
		20,826	\$819,563.75
Bonds.		Par Value.	Amount.
Ter. Fire Claims	1,000	\$	1,000.00
Honokaa S. Co.	44,000		45,622.50
McBryde S. Co.	579,000		572,697.50
Olaa S. Co. 6s.	1,034,000		1,003,930.00
Pacific S. Mill	14,000		14,572.50
Pioneer Mill Co.	13,000		13,160.00
Waialua Ag. Co.	185,000		191,214.75
Hawn. Irr. Co.	50,000		52,097.50
Hamakua Ditch	2,000		2,060.00
Hilo R. R. Co.	319,500		319,419.25
Hilo R. R. Co.			



That Little Hacking Cough

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

6s. extension.	527,000	498,330.00
Hon. Gas Co. 6s	66,000	66,087.50
Hon. R. T. & L.		
Co 6s	28,000	30,917.50
Kohala Ditch		
Co 6s	5,000	5,000.00
Kaunoi R. R. Co.		
6s	13,000	12,920.00
Mut. Tel. Co. 6s	3,100	3,221.25
O. R. & L. Co.		
5s	108,900	122,643.35
Cal. Beet Sug. & Ref. Co. 6s	5,030	5,000.00
Natomas Cons. of Cal. 6s	195,000	177,562.50
		\$3,192,500
Totals.		\$3,192,500
Sugar stocks	228,541	\$7,434,594.94
Miscellaneous	20,826	\$819,563.75
Total stocks	249,367	\$8,254,158.69
Bonds		4,126,556.00
Total amount of sales.		\$12,380,714.69
		R. H. TRENT, Secretary.

GUNNING FOR BIG GAME

(Continued from Page 14)

noted that the photographer, Master Gunner Steffy, is a specialist in splash photography, if such a term can be used. He has taken pictures of gun practices for the past six years, and the results which he obtains, when carefully plotted on the film, are considered more reliable than the range rake observations. Steffy has had some interesting experience, and has seen much big gun shooting. To sum up, mortar batteries have plenty of friends, and plenty of detractors. There are many men in the army who do not believe in their efficiency, but any Doubting Thomas who had the chance of seeing results at close range as the men on the tug did the other day, would have changed his opinion, so far as the district commanded by Major Timberlake and the battery commanded by Captain Carter, is concerned. If Major General Murray's plan of circling Oahu with a ring of defensive mortar batteries is ever carried out, the people inside that ring can rest assured that any hostile vessel that effects a landing will come through a hail of shot to do it.

Her Father—I judge a man, sir, by the company he keeps.

The Sutor—Then I'm all right, for I've been keeping company with your daughter for over two years.

Star-Bulletin Ads. are Best Business Getters.

Yes, Thanks, I'm Quite Well!

Wouldn't know me? Well, I hardly know myself when I realize the superb comfort of well-balanced nerves and perfect health.

The change began when I moved into my new house in Kaimuki.

I don't give a rap about the theories; the comfortable healthy facts are sufficient.

Lots \$400 and upward

Henry Waterhouse Trust Co., Ltd.